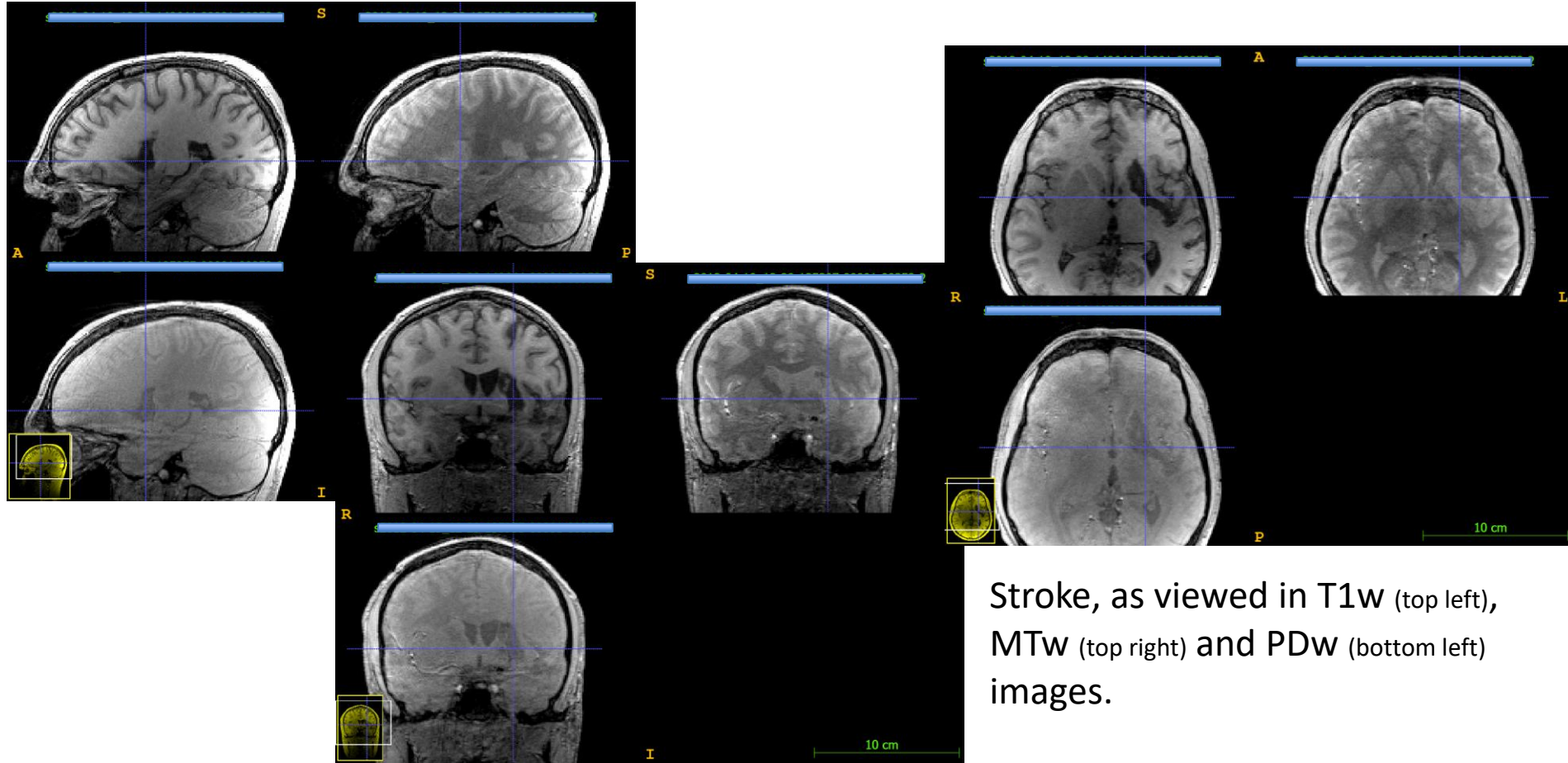


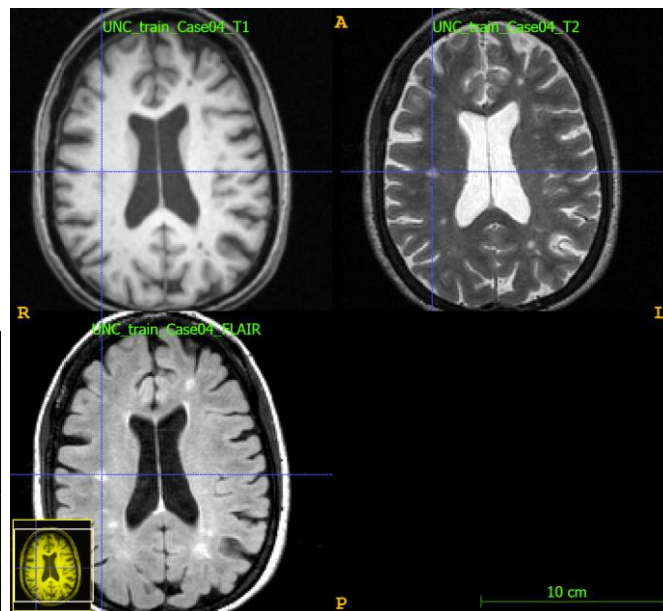
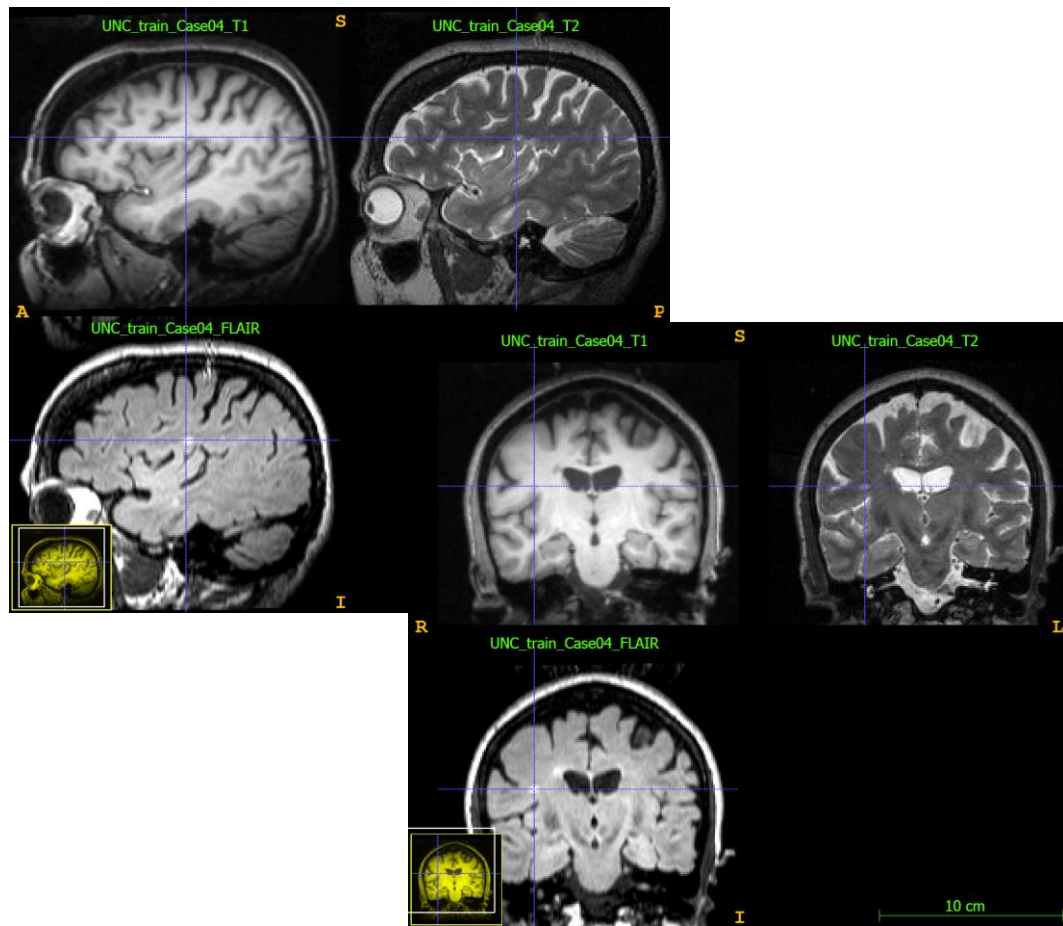
Lesioned brain images: Segmentation and normalization

Brain MRIs with “lesions”: stroke



Stroke, as viewed in T1w (top left), MTw (top right) and PDw (bottom left) images.

Brain MRIs with “lesions”: multiple sclerosis



Multiple sclerosis, as viewed in T1w (top left), T2w (top right) and FLAIR (bottom left) images.

Normalization and segmentation?

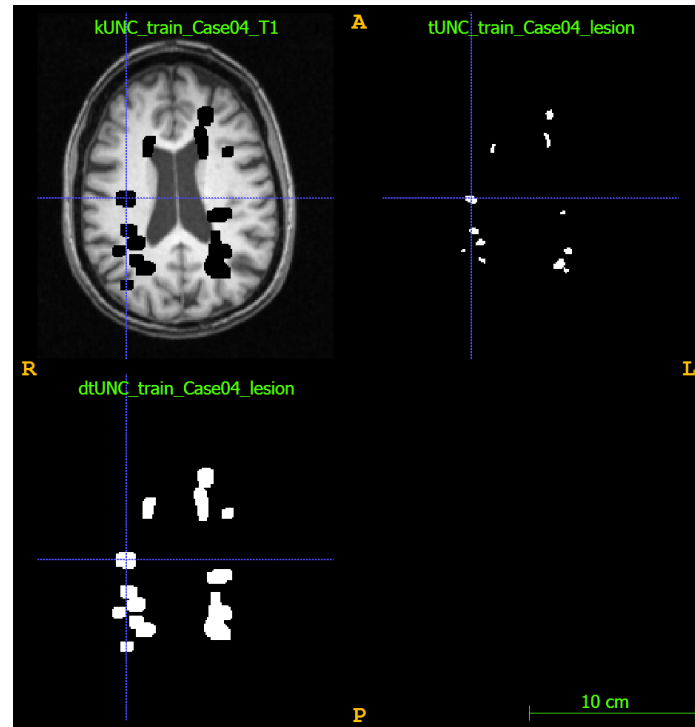


“Cost Function Masking”

- ▶ easy to apply
- ▶ provides normalization of healthy tissues

BUT

- ▶ Segmentation only in not-masked part
- ▶ if large lesion(s), global effect of normalization?
- ▶ **need a mask of lesion area(s)**



Multiple sclerosis: T1w (top left), lesion mask (top right) and dilated lesion mask (bottom left) images.

Lesion mask generation, manual vs automatic



Manual

- ▶ Time consuming & subjective
- ▶ Inter-rater variability and error prone

Automatic

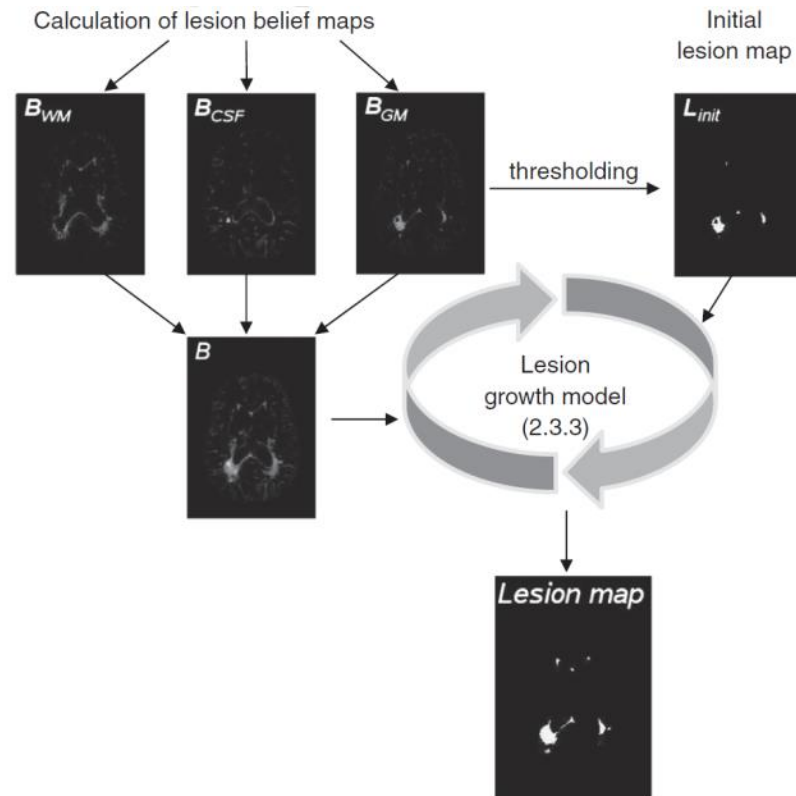
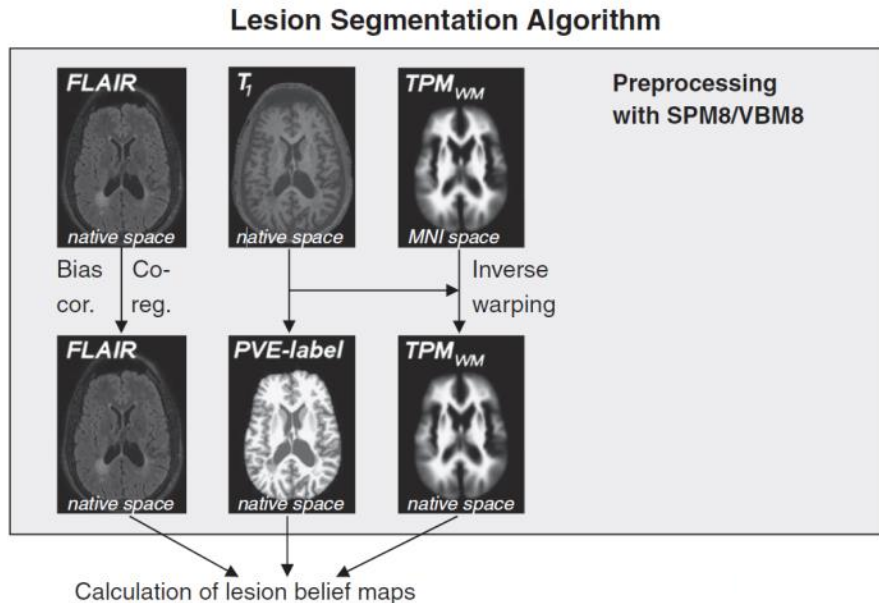
- ▶ Faster & reproducible
- ▶ But how?
 - Specific sequences
 - Specific applications
 - Specific tools (ML, adaptive thresholding,...)

Lesion mask generation



Automatic mask generation based on T1w and FLAIR images (Schmidt et al. 2012)

→ Lesion mask in subject space.



Unified segmentation with lesion

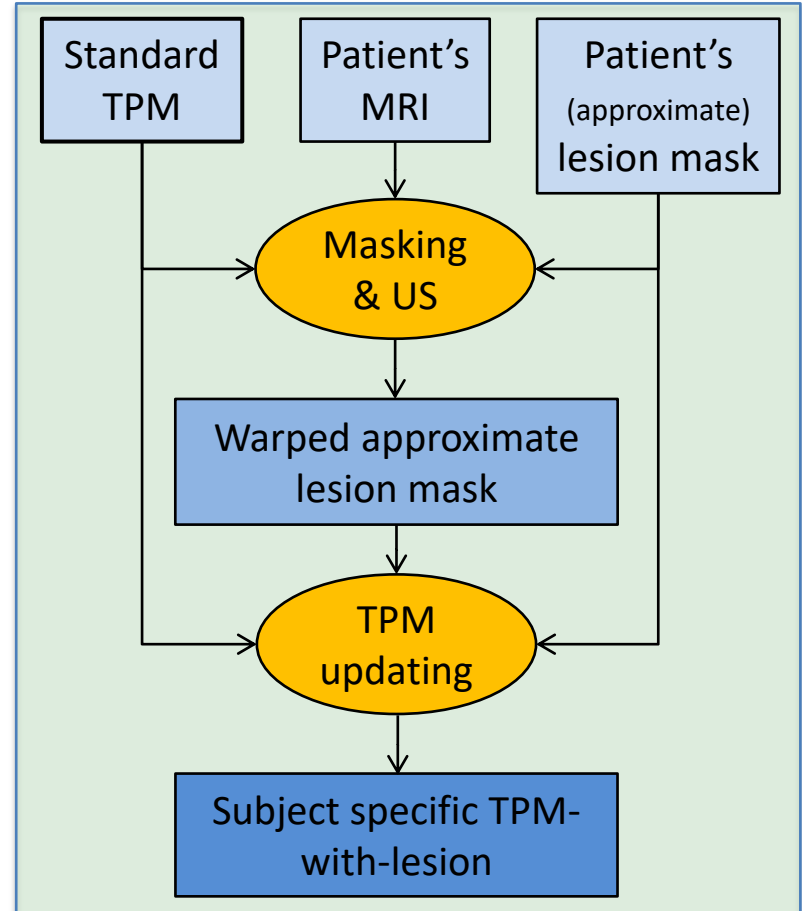


US-with-Lesion extend

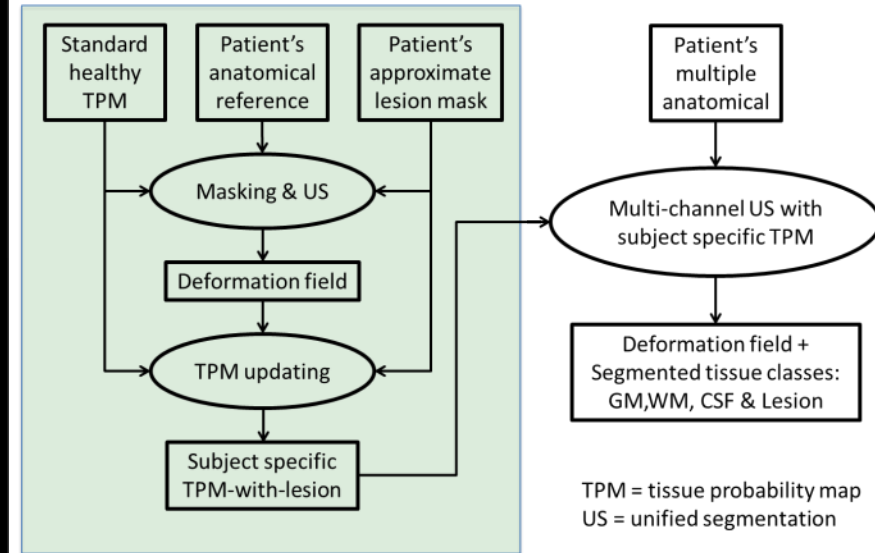
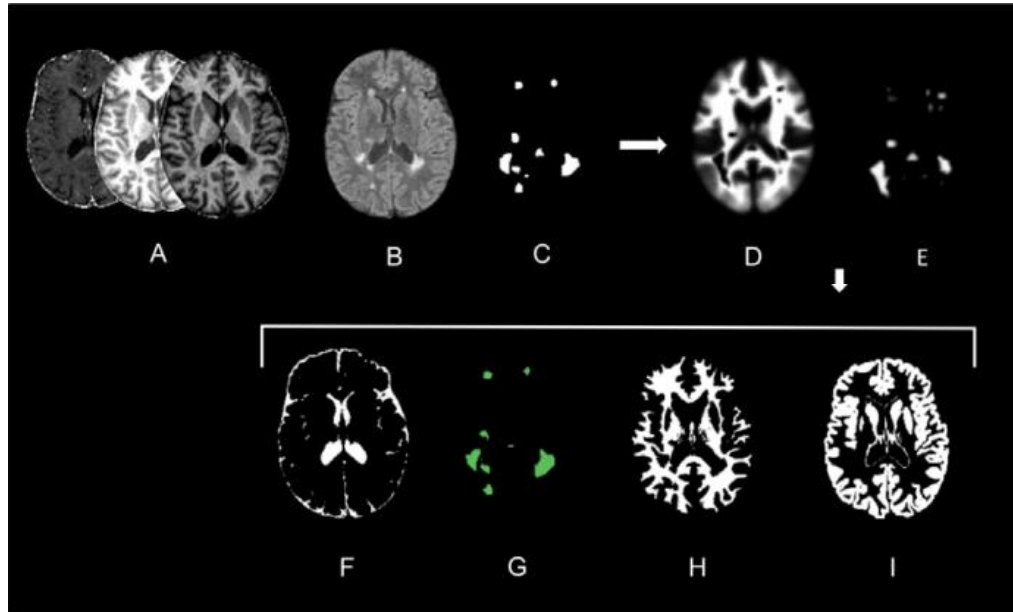
1. TPM with lesion tissue class
2. apply US with new extTPM

Key points:

- ▶ needs a prior lesion mask
- ▶ accounts for lesion + healthy tissues by extending TPMs
- ▶ provides normalization and segmentation



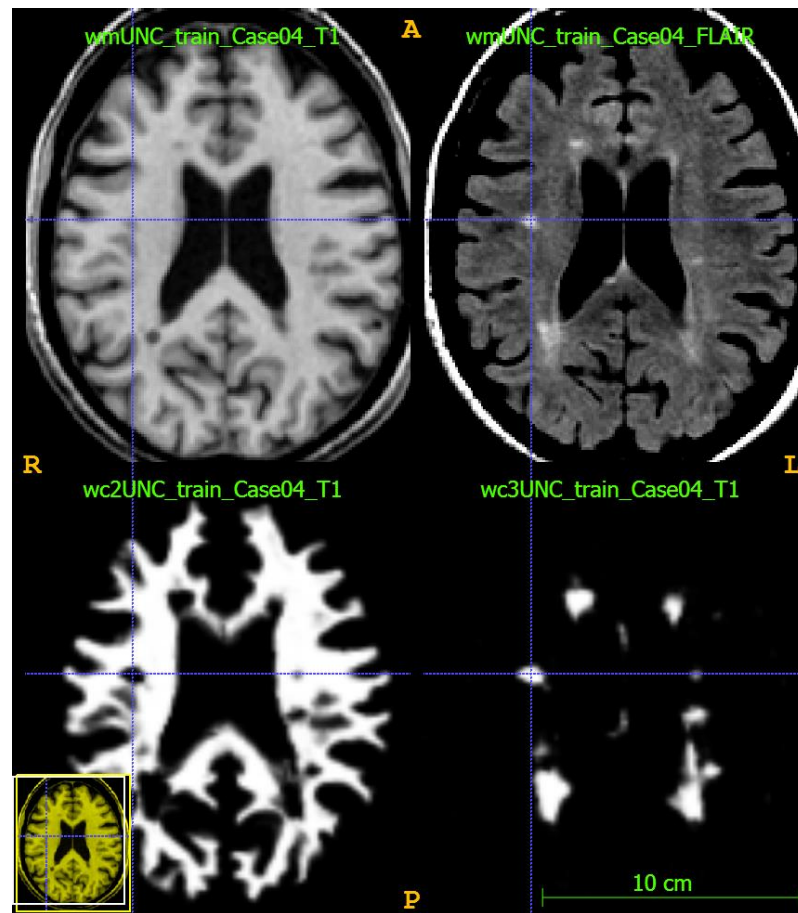
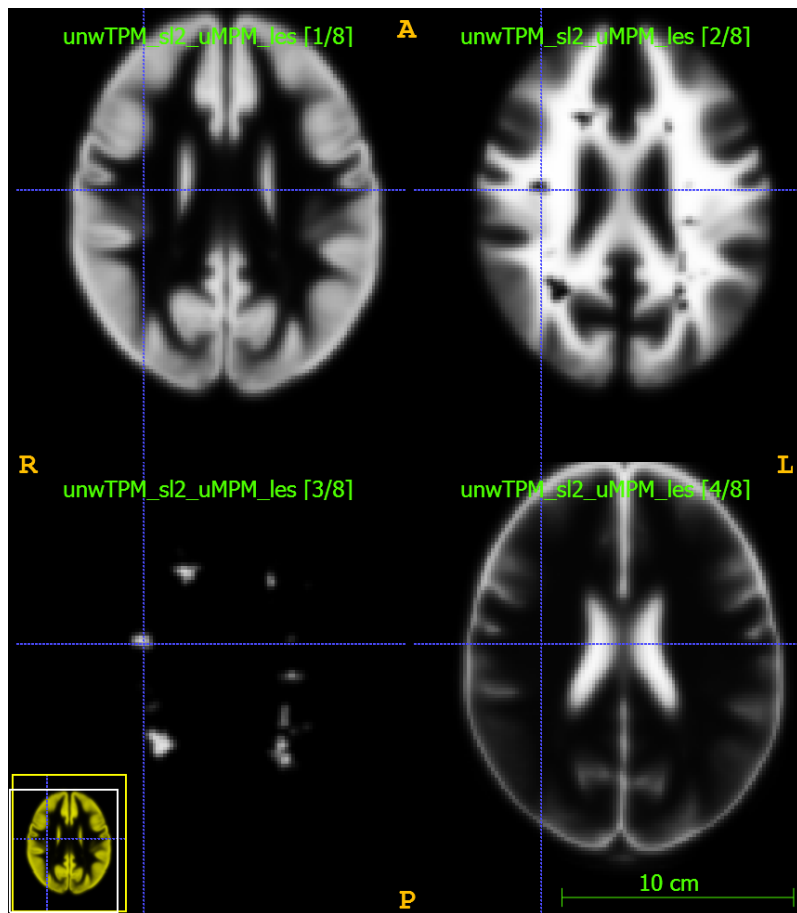
USwL for MS image segmentation & warping



Key features of “Unified Segmentation with Lesion”

1. More principled segmentation and normalisation approach for lesioned brain
2. Increased sensitivity, from multichannel qMRI segmentation, wrt. FLAIR hyper-intensity lesion detection

US-with-Lesion results





References

- ▶ M. Brett et al. (2001), 'Spatial normalization of brain images with focal lesions using cost function masking', *NeuroImage*, 14:486–500.
- ▶ P. Schmidt et al. (2012), 'An automated tool for detection of FLAIR-hyperintense white-matter lesions in Multiple Sclerosis', *NeuroImage*, 59(4): 3774–3783.
- ▶ Phillips et al. (2017),
<https://github.com/CyclotronResearchCentre/USwLesion>

Thank you for your attention!



Normalization and segmentation?

